

APPLICATION FOR
UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

of

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for

APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR CAUSING DEFLECTION
OF A SURGICAL INSTRUMENT

Attorney Docket No.: BEU/brown

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APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR CAUSING DEFLECTION OF A SURGICAL INSTRUMENT

This application claims the benefit of U.S.
Provisional Application Serial Number 60/416,588, filed
5 October 8, 2002.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to apparatus for deflecting a
surgical instrument inserted into an endoscope, and to a
10 method of causing the distal end of the surgical instrument
to bend or twist during a surgical procedure.

2. Description of Related Art

U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 10/153,895, filed May
24, 2002, and incorporated by reference herein, discloses
15 apparatus for deflecting a surgical instrument inserted
into an endoscope, and a method of causing the surgical
instrument to deflect during a surgical procedure, in which
the surgical instrument is provided with a sheath made of
a shape memory alloy having an austenitic transformation
20 temperature no more than a few degrees above the normal

temperature of the human body, and in which transformation to a desired shape is caused to occur by increasing the temperature of an irrigation fluid to just beyond the transformation temperature of the instrument.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present application extends the principle of using an irrigation fluid to cause transformation of a shape memory alloy to surgical applications other than those involving an endoscope tube and instruments of the type disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 10/153,895.

An example of an instrument to which the principles of the invention may be applied is the Stone Cone™ Nitinol Urological Retrieval Coil marketed by Boston Scientific Corporation. The Stone Cone™ coil is a Nitinol coil which, when extended out of a sheath and past a stone, twists into a coil so as to trap or retrieve the stone.

The present invention provides a way to precisely control twisting of the coil, or in general to control deflection or twisting of a surgical instrument during surgery, whether or not used within an endoscope. It applies to any surgical instrument incorporating a shape memory alloy that causes the surgical instrument to assume

a predetermined shape when heated to a predetermined temperature not more than a few degrees above body temperature, and involves causing the transformation by delivering irrigating fluid having a temperature above the transformation temperature of the shape memory alloy.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a cross-sectional side view of a surgical instrument before undergoing shape-transformation during a urinary tract surgical procedure, according to the principles of a preferred embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 2 is a cross-sectional side view of the surgical of Fig. 1, after shape-transformation.

Fig. 3 is a flowchart illustrating a method for using the apparatus of Fig. 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

As shown in Fig. 1, a surgical instrument 1 made, in part, of a shape memory alloy, is inserted through a sheath 2 into a passage 3 such as the urinary tract of a patient suffering from a stone 4. Irrigation fluid 5 having a temperature T_1 is typically provided through a means 6.

The surgical instrument can be any instrument made of a shape memory alloy that deflects or twists at an austenitic transformation temperature T_T that is above temperature T_1 , but that is not so warm that it would cause
5 damage to the patient or interfere with the surgical procedure. For example, the surgical instrument may be a urological retrieval coil similar to the Stone Cone™ mentioned above, which is essentially a coated Nitinol wire arranged to twist into a coil when extended from its
10 sheath.

Alternatively, the surgical instrument may be any instrument having at least a portion composed of a shape memory alloy, including but not limited to Nitinol, and arranged to deflect or twist into a predetermined shape at
15 a temperature not more than a few degrees above a temperature of a body, whether animal or human, into which it is inserted.

In addition, the surgical instrument may be arranged to permit it to be retracted from a location within a
20 patient by first reducing the temperature of the shape memory alloy to some value below its martensitic transition temperature.

The apparatus of the invention includes the surgical instrument, and any means 6 for delivering irrigation fluid having a temperature above the transformation temperature of the shape memory alloy. The irrigation fluid may be,
5 but is not limited to, water or other aqueous solutions.

As illustrated in Fig. 3, the method of the invention involves inserting a surgical instrument of the above-described type to an location at which shape transformation is desired (step 1). The surgical instrument is then
10 exposed to irrigation fluid having a temperature T_2 above the transformation temperature T_r of the shape memory alloy. In the case of a urological retrieval coil, the shape memory alloy transforms into a coil that can be used to retrieve or trap stones in association with an
15 intracorporeal lithotripter procedure. As is well-known, the coil or other shape is determined during manufacture of the instrument by forming the alloy into the desired shape at high temperature, and subsequently cooling and deforming the alloy as it cools.

20 Having thus described a preferred embodiment of the invention in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to make and use the invention, it will nevertheless be appreciated that numerous variations and modifications of the illustrated embodiment may be made without departing

from the spirit of the invention, and it is intended that the invention not be limited by the above description or accompanying drawings, but that it be defined solely in accordance with the appended claims.